

Rep. Christopher Pope

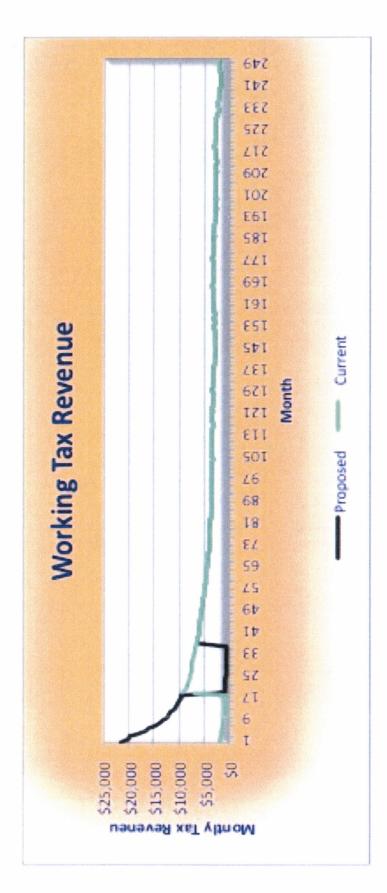
moving the current 'Tax Holiday' from Production Months 0 to 18, to Production Months 19 to 36. A bill to moderately increase working interest tax revenue from future Montana tight-shale oil and gas wells by

- To generate additional funding to offset public sector costs directly related to Oil and Gas development
- To better match cashflows: Maximizing tax revenue when public sector service demands are most pronounced
- To maintain Montana's preferential/business-friendly O&G tax rate relative to North Dakota [10.67%] and Wyoming [12.08%]
- A simple, easily implemented reform
- Effective on wells drilled beginning January 1, 2016
- No change to statute as it relates to tax rates or tax revenue expenditure

LIKELY NEAR-TERM OUTCOMES [assuming \$50/bbl oil price]

- total Working Value over 20 years An estimated increase of approximately \$100,000 in tax revenue on a well typically producing \$12 million in
- An increase in the effective tax yield of 0.8 percentage points, an increase of approximately 10%
- If applied to the 175 'Holiday' wells in production in 2014, would generate approximately \$18 million annually

TYPICAL MO	NTANA TIGH	TYPICAL MONTANA TIGHT SHALE WELL Calculated at \$50/bbl	Calculated a	t \$50/bbl	Source: MT De	Source: MT Department of Revenue, 2015	evenue, 201!
	Working	Current tax	Proposed tax	Difference	Current	Proposed	Difference
	Value	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Tax Percent	Tax Percent	Percent
lst 3 years	\$4,177,368	\$157,839	\$260,733	\$102,894	3.8%	6.2%	2.5%
20 year lifecycle	\$12,224,753	\$903,027	\$1,005,921	\$102,894	7.4%	8.2%	0.8%
Working 'Holiday'	175	\$27,621,836	\$45,628,308	\$18,006,471			
Wells 2014							



source: MT Department of Revenue, 2/2015 Assuming \$50/bbl market price of oil